

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE GUIDELINES FOR EXCLUSION OF CHILDREN FROM SCHOOL

1. A child caregiver shall not be required to exclude from care a child with minor illness unless one or more of the following conditions exists:

- a. The child has an oral/tympanic temperature equal to or greater than 102° F.
- b. Diarrhea
- c. Vomiting illness with two or more episodes of vomiting in the previous 24 hours.
- d. Mouth sores associated with an inability of the child to control his/her saliva.
- e. Rash with fever or behavior change.
- f. Infected eyes with discharge, until 24 hours after treatment started by physician.
- g. Infestation (e.g., scabies, head lice, pinworm), until after first treatment with a medicated product.
- h. Impetigo, until 24 hours after antibiotic treatment has been started.
- i. Strep throat, until 24 hours after antibiotic treatment has been started.
- j. Ringworm infection, until after medication started.
- k. Chickenpox, until one week after the onset of rash, or until all lesions have dried and crusted.

2. The school nurse shall contact the local health department or the Utah Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology for specific guidelines in the event of a sudden or extraordinary occurrence of serious communicable disease. Such serious communicable diseases include:

1. Pertussis (whooping cough)
2. Measles (rubeola, red measles, hard measles)
3. Rubella (German measles)
4. Mumps
5. Meningitis (Hib, other)
6. Hepatitis A
7. Tuberculosis
8. Gastroenteritis (giardiasis, shigellosis, *E. coli*, *Campylobacter*, other)
9. Streptococcal infections (strep throat, scarlet fever, rheumatic fever)
10. Food poisoning
11. Influenza
12. Hepatitis C
13. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV, AIDS)
14. Poliomyelitis
15. Diphtheria
16. Hepatitis B

Adapted from "Child Care Center Rules," Utah Department of Health, Division of Health Systems Improvement, Bureau of Childcare Licensing